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# Project Serve-Your-Dog

An Automatic Wheelchair-Mounted Dog Treat Dispenser

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### Overview



- •Purpose and Motivation
- Problem/Prior Art Analysis
- •Technology and System Wide Requirements
- Technical Approaches
- •Functional and System Architecture
- Preliminary Project Plan
- Potential Problems





#### **Mission Statement**

# The device shall assist people with disabilities to provide treats to their service dogs.





# **Purpose and Motivation**





- People with disabilities who are wheelchair bound and accompanied by service dogs account for .9 percent of the U.S. population [1].
- Dogs provide independence to their owners and are capable of completing a wide range of tasks.
- These dogs go through extensive training and annual tests.
- The main challenge users face is giving the dog a treat.
- Rewarding the dog is essential for it to maintain maximum performance!
- This project was undertaken at the request of The Service Dogs of Virginia due to the failure of several previous designs





# **Problem Analysis and Design Limitations**





- •Not yet commercially available.
- Difficult to reproduce.
- •Require knowledge in electrical circuits and programming.
- •Can not be mounted onto a wheelchair.
- •Incorrect/inconsistent number of treats dispensed.
- •The main frame of the dispenser being large and bulky.
- •The materials used were not food safe, eco-friendly and durable.
- •Did not include "click" sound, which the sound the dogs are accustomed to hearing prior to receiving a treat depicted in Figure 1.

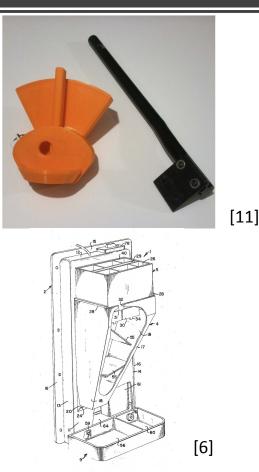


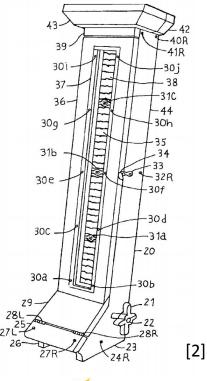
Figure 1:Handheld Clicker

# **Patent Analysis/Need for Redesign**

#### Problems with Previous Designs:

- 1. Too large [2], [6].
- 2. Mechanical [2-9].
- 3. Not food safe [11].
- 4. Not wheelchair adaptable [2-11].
- 5. Not easily activated [3-9].







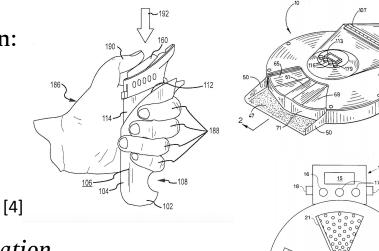


# **Patent Analysis/Need for Redesign**

Elements in Common with our Design:

1. Button. [4]

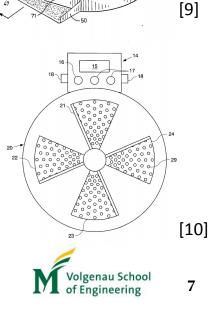
2. Rotational Tray. [9], [10]



Using these common elements in combination

with our design should not yield infringement.





### Past 492 Designs

This design at the food dispenser was met with the following issues

- Not food safe
- Difficult to reproduce and rebuild
- Prone to break easily
- Jamming



[12]



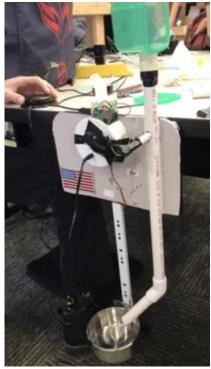


## Past 492 Designs

This design at the food dispenser was met with the following issues

- Size itself was too large
- Difficult in controlling dispenser output

However this design's procurement was fairly simple and done all in one store.







### Past 492 Designs

This design at the food dispenser was met with the following issues

- Dispensed bowl size was fairly too small
- Coating the materials would incur a cost not available to the project team

However the design was successful in its placement in the wheelchair. And had a safe location for the arduino to be stored.



[12]





# **Technology and System Wide Requirements**

#### **Operational Requirements:**

- 1. The device shall dispense 2-4 treats with a simple click of a button or tilt of the head using an accelerometer.
- 2. The mounting mechanism shall be flexible and the dispenser will be integrated seamlessly to the wheelchair.
- 3. The device shall be simple enough for the owner or caregiver to use.
- 4. The materials used shall be food safe and eco-friendly.
- 5. The device shall be easy to take apart, re-assemble and clean.





# **Technology and System Wide Requirements**

#### Input / Output Requirements:

- 1. The device will accept input from the operator. The physical input device will vary, however, the interface with the primary device will be consistent no matter what.
- 2. The device shall hold up to a cup of dog treats into a storage container inside the device.
- 3. The device will output dog treats through a pipe system that will deliver the food to a food tray.





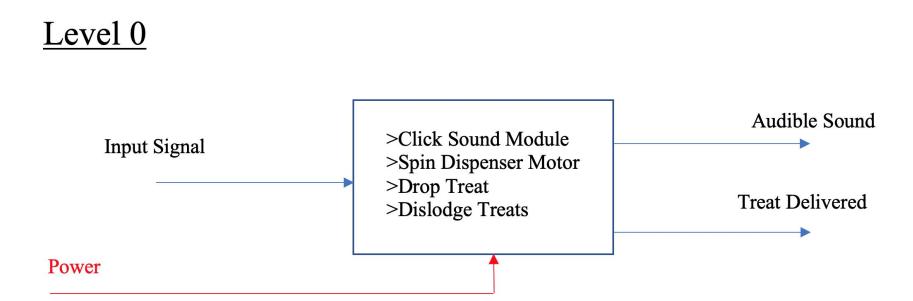
# **Technology and System Wide Requirements**

#### **Technology Requirements:**

- 1. Design A shall use active and passive circuit components.
- 2. Design B shall use a microcontroller in addition to active and passive circuit components.
- 3. Both Design A and B shall minimize power consumption.
- 3. Shall use some form of pipe to move food from storage to destination.
- 4. Shall use some form of circuit coating or hardening to ensure durability.





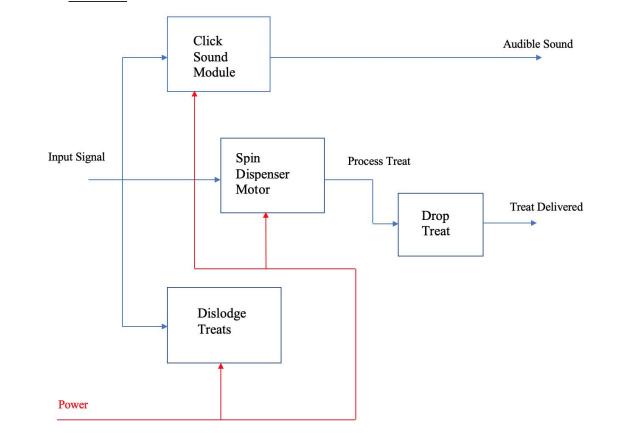






Level 1

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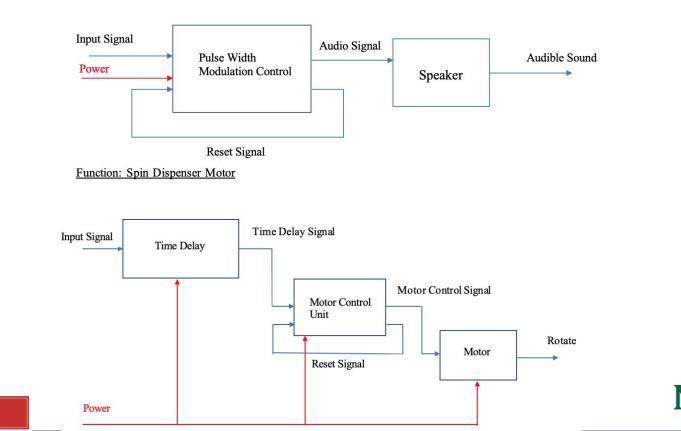




Function: Click Sound

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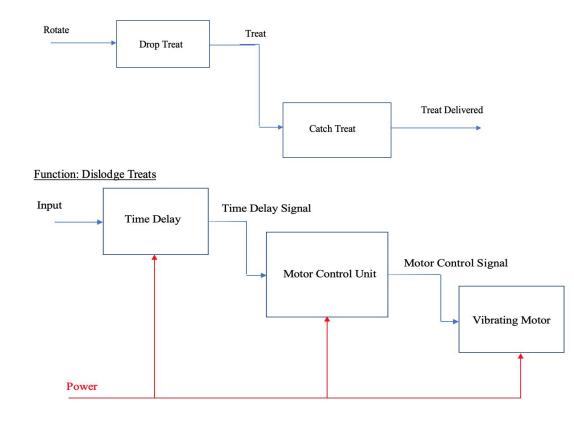
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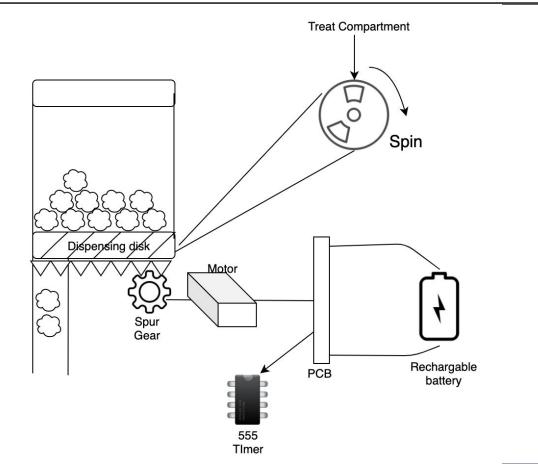
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Function: Drop Treat

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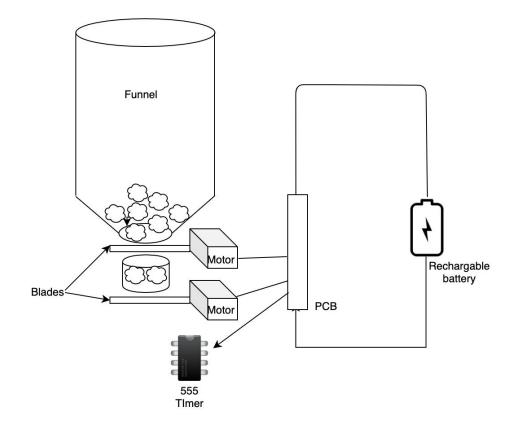


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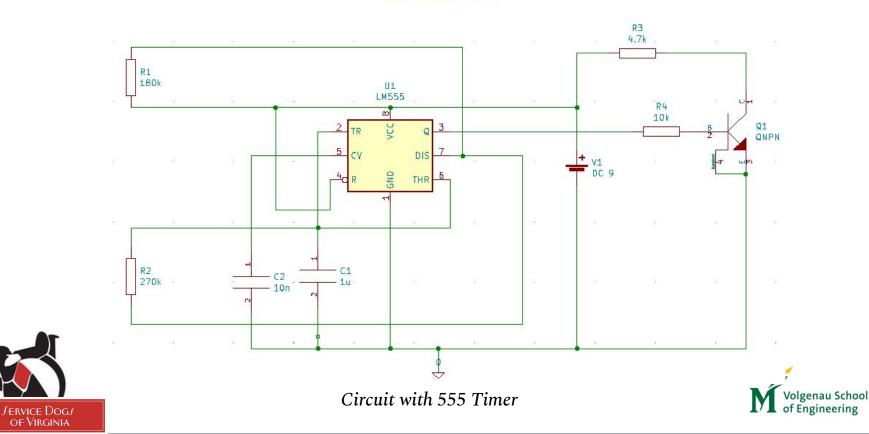


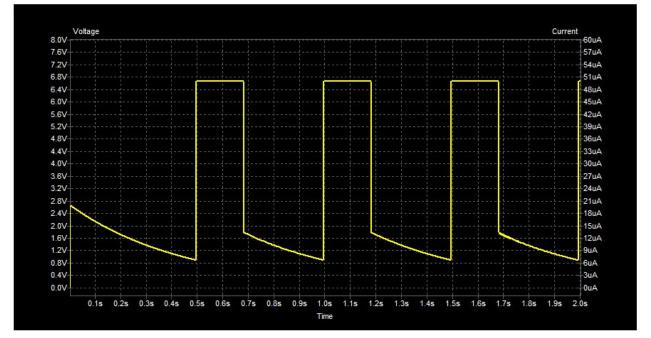






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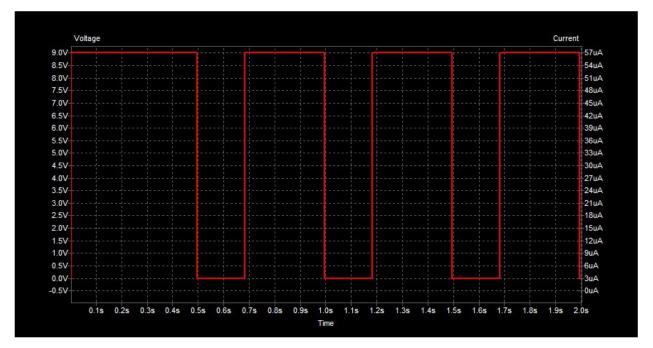






Waveform 1 for Circuit with 555 Timer

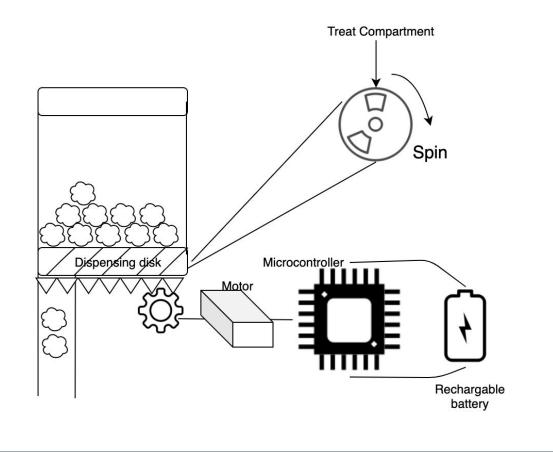






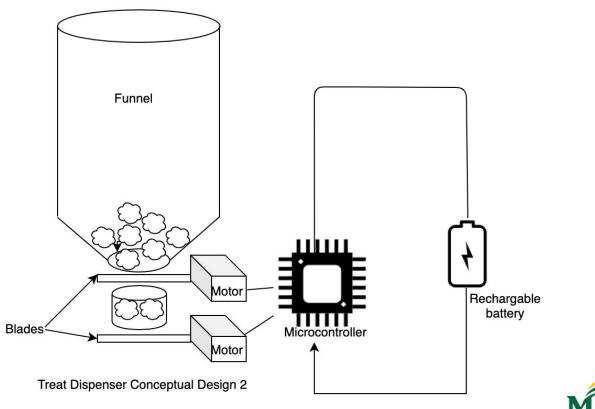
Waveform 2 for Circuit with 555 Timer







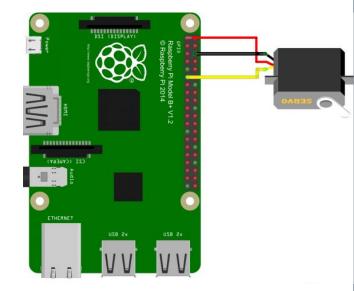






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- The *Raspberry Pi* (a microcomputer) is better suited for software purposes than the Arduino (a microcontroller) which was used in previous designs.[14]]
- It is compatible with a motor that is strong enough to rotate the dispenser.
- It will be able to handle all of the features and functions of our design.

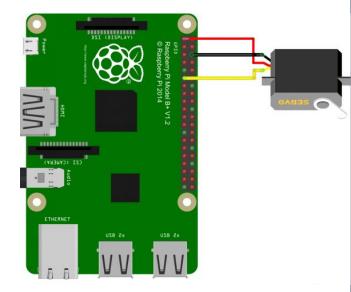


#### Servo Controlled by a Raspberry Pi





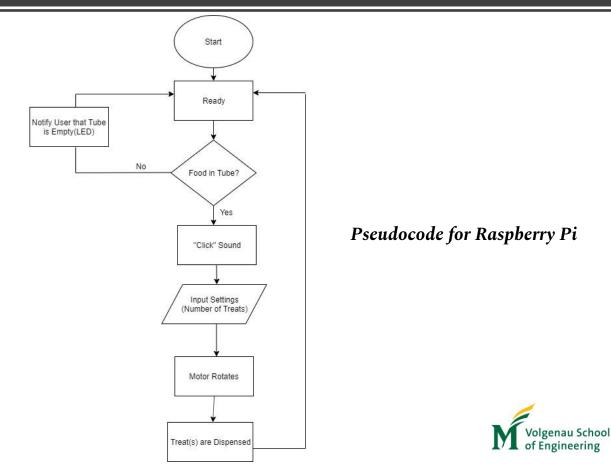
- Cost of a Raspberry Pi is fairly cheap. As of today on Amazon and Micro Center the Raspberry Pi Zero (W) is \$10.00 at MSRP.
- Leveraged by research groups like Los Alamos Lab [15]
- Raspberry Pi ZeroW minimum power input is 1.2A [16]



#### Servo Controlled by a Raspberry Pi







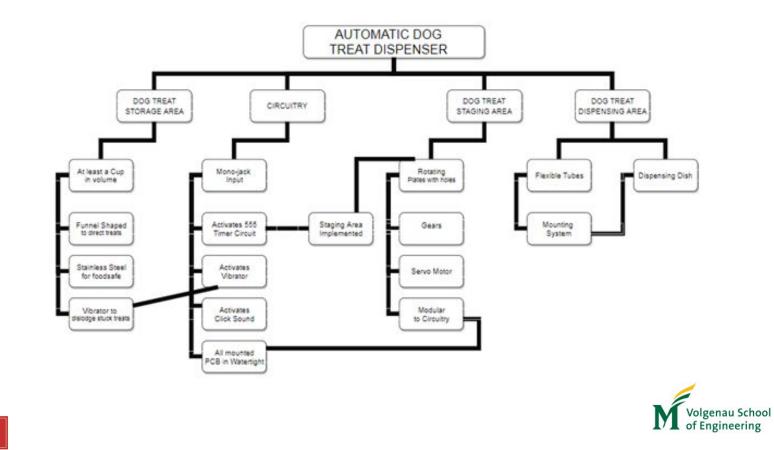


# **Power Requirements**

Design A	Design B
• Waveform 1 was calculated to draw .5mW based off the 9V power supply and 50uA waveform	• The Raspberry Pi Zero W requires a 1.2A/5V Input which will draw 6W of power for the microcontroller [18].
• The motor will leverage is a FS90R which will draw 4W per activation of the motor [17].	• The team will also leverage additional LED's and sensors each estimating to be around 5W
• It has a maximum stall current of 650mA at 6V which will be at around 4W.	per addition. The final estimation of the total power consumption will range from 26-36W total.
• The final estimate of each sensor will add around 5W and the clicker activation will also draw around 5W as well.	
• The final estimation of the total power consumption will range from 20-30W total.	

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### System Architecture



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#### **Major Components**

These components will act as the backbone of this project. Simplicity for reproduction.





555 Timer ->Design 1 (Power consumption 30 mW@5V)



Microcontroller->Design 2 (Raspberry Pi/ MSP430)



Servos/Motors (1.5-5V DC)



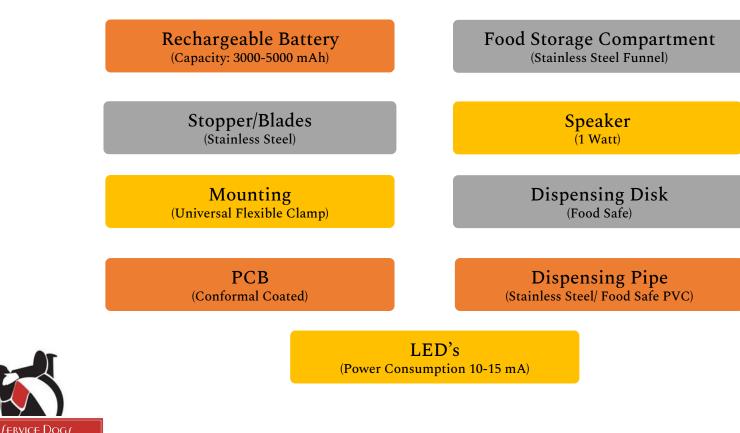
Mono Signal Input (3.5 mm Jack)



Food Safe Container (Stainless Steel)



### **Other Components**



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#### **Potential Problems and Design Considerations**

#### CRITICAL

- Dispensed food must be stored in a food safe container at ALL times.
- Treat Dispenser must have self-unjamming method

#### IMPORTANT

- False positives cannot be tolerated to preserve dog-owner relationship.
- Multiple options for mounting dispensing device.

#### HIGH

- Modular parts that can be swapped out in the event that something breaks
- Dispenser battery life and having an easy to swap bay





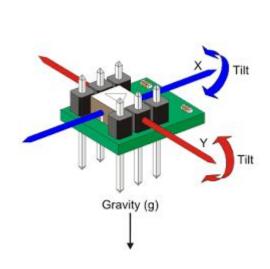
# **Skills to be Acquired**

#### Microcontrollers

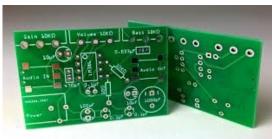
#### **Sensor Analysis**

#### **PCB** Design









# **Project Plan**

To track this projects current status visit this website (<u>http://treatdispenser.onmason.com/documentation-links/</u>) and look at the Gnatt chart that will be updated with our progress every week.





### References

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- [16] "FAQs Raspberry Pi Documentation." [Online]. Available: <u>https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/faqs/#pi-power</u>. Accessed: 22-Oct-2019].
- [17] "Continuous Rotation Micro Servo [FS90R] ID: 2442 \$7.50: Adafruit Industries, Unique & fun DIY electronics and kits." [Online]. Available: <u>https://www.adafruit.com/product/2442?gclid=Cj0KCQjw0brtBRDOARIsANMDykZM\_o-SLs9Gf7AtLB\_AFkEGiJs20n</u> IDk34L36z1GMfcGGiof2Btzl0aAvcYEALw\_wcB. [Accessed: 22-Oct-2019].
- [18] "FAQs Raspberry Pi Documentation." [Online]. Available: https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/faqs/#pi-power. [Accessed: 22-Oct-2019].





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Website Link: http://treatdispenser.onmason.com/



# Acknowledgments

### Dr.Nathalia Peixoto

# Dr.Kristine Neuber



